

Get out your homework and have it ready to check.

Classwork - Solving 2 Step Equations w/ Simplifying

Solve the following 2-step equations. Use the exact same process as we did on the notes. SHOW ALL WORK

A) $2x + 8 = 20$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 8 = 20 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline 2x = 12 \\ \frac{2}{2} \quad \frac{2}{2} \\ \hline x = 6 \end{array}$$

B) $-5x - 11 = 19$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x - 11 = 19 \\ +11 \quad +11 \\ \hline -5x = 30 \\ \frac{-5}{-5} \quad \frac{30}{-5} \\ \hline x = -6 \end{array}$$

C) $\frac{n}{3} + 9 = 15$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{n}{3} + 9 = 15 \\ -9 \quad -9 \\ \hline \frac{n}{3} = 6 \\ 3 \cdot \frac{n}{3} = 6 \cdot 3 \\ \hline n = 18 \end{array}$$

D) $-2 + 7j = 26$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 + 7j = 26 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline 7j = 28 \\ \frac{7}{7} \quad \frac{28}{7} \\ \hline j = 4 \end{array}$$

E) $\frac{a}{5} - 13 = -10$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{a}{5} - 13 = -10 \\ +13 \quad +13 \\ \hline \frac{a}{5} = 3 \\ 5 \cdot \frac{a}{5} = 3 \cdot 5 \\ \hline a = 15 \end{array}$$

F) $15 - 2b = 23$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 - 2b = 23 \\ -15 \quad -15 \\ \hline -2b = 8 \\ \frac{-2}{-2} \quad \frac{8}{-2} \\ \hline b = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\text{G) } 6.5y - 10 = 42$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +10 \quad +10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6.5y = 52 \\ \hline 6.5 \quad 6.5 \end{array}$$

$$y = 8$$

$$\text{H) } \frac{x}{2} + 16 = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -16 \quad -16 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} = -12 \cdot 2$$

$$x = -24$$

$$\text{I) } 19 - k = -24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -19 \quad -19 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -k = -43 \\ \hline -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$k = 43$$

$$\text{J) } 37 = -8x + 13$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -13 \quad -13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 = -8x \\ \hline -8 \quad -8 \end{array}$$

$$-3 = x$$

$$\text{K) } -79 = -11x - 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -77 = -11x \\ \hline -11 \quad -11 \end{array}$$

$$7 = x$$

$$\text{L) } \frac{n}{8} - 9 = -5.25$$

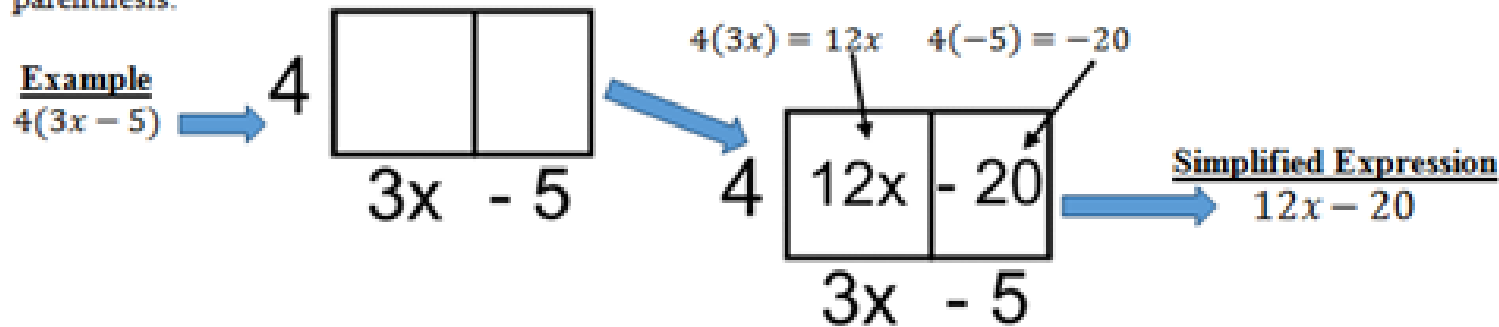
$$\begin{array}{r} +9 \quad +9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$8 \cdot \frac{n}{8} = 3.75 \cdot 8$$

$$n = 30$$

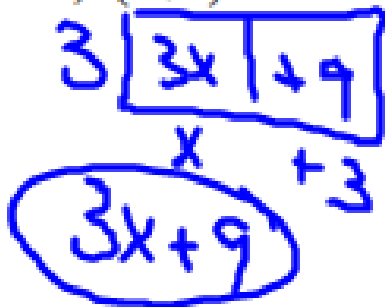
Distributive Property Review

The distributive property describes a situation in which a number is being multiplied by an entire expression inside a parenthesis. The multiplication of a number is being shared (distributed) to every term inside the parenthesis.

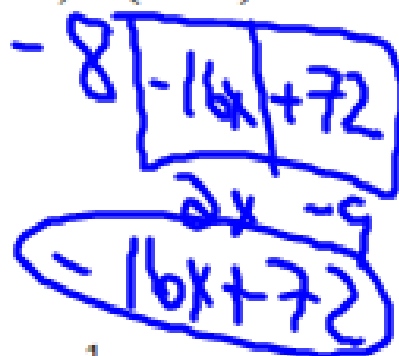


Warm Up: Use the distributive property on the expressions below. Use an area model for the factored part of the expression to find the expanded form of the expression. Rewrite your simplified expression outside your area model.

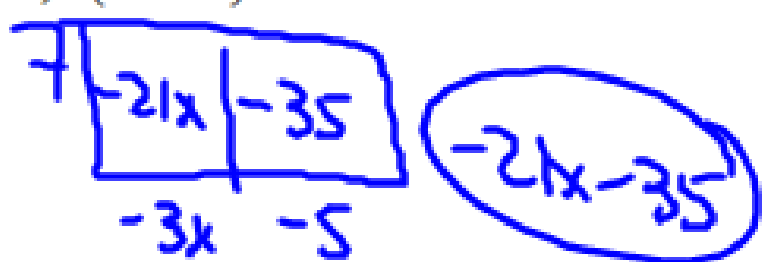
A) $3(x + 3)$



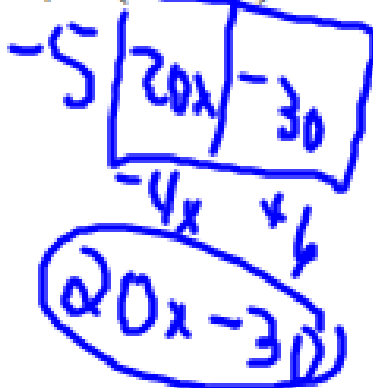
B) $-8(2x - 9)$



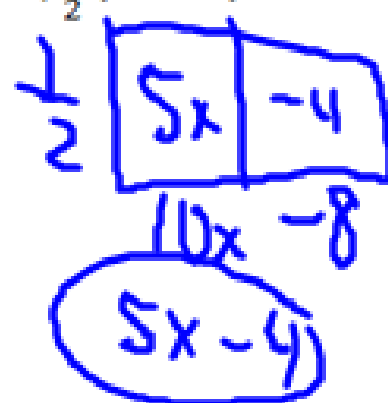
C) $7(-3x - 5)$



D) $-5(-4x + 6)$



E) $\frac{1}{2}(10x - 8)$



F) $\frac{2}{3}(6x - 3)$



For the following problem, you will be given a two-step equation that is not simplified. Follow the instructions on the previous page and **SIMPLIFY THEN SOLVE** until undo the operations acting on x until you find the value of $1x$ or x .

Solve for x $4(2x - 3) = 28$

Simplify the Equation \rightarrow $4 \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 8x & -12 \\ \hline \end{array}$
 $2x - 3$

Rewrite Equation \rightarrow $8x - 12 = 28$

Solve the Equation \rightarrow $\begin{array}{r} 8x - 12 = 28 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline 8x = 40 \\ \text{Divide} \quad \text{Divide} \\ 1x = 5 \end{array}$

$4(2 \cdot 5 - 3) = 28$
 $4(10 - 3) = 28$

$4(7) = 28$
 $28 = 28 \checkmark$

Solve for x $\frac{1}{4}(x + 12) = -3$

Simplify the Equation \rightarrow $\frac{1}{4} \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \frac{1}{4}x & +3 \\ \hline \end{array}$
 $x + 12$

Rewrite Equation \rightarrow $\frac{1}{4}x + 3 = -3$

Solve the Equation \rightarrow $\begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{4}x + 3 = -3 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline 4 \cdot \frac{1}{4}x = -6 \cdot 4 \\ 1x = -24 \end{array}$

Simplify and THEN solve the following two-step equations. Make sure to show inverse operations on BOTH sides and WORK DOWN. SHOW ALL WORK.

A) $5(x + 3) = 25$

$$5 \begin{array}{|l} 5x \\ + 15 \end{array}$$

$x \quad + 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 15 = 25 \\ -15 \quad -15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$5x = 10$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$

$x = 2$

D) $5(-2x - 4) = 50$

$$5 \begin{array}{|l} -10x \\ - 20 \end{array}$$

$-2x \quad -4$

$$\begin{array}{r} -10x - 20 = 50 \\ +20 \quad +20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-10x}{-10} = \frac{70}{-10}$$

$x = -7$

B) $-3(x + 6) = -6$

$$-3 \begin{array}{|l} -3x \\ - 18 \end{array}$$

$x \quad + 6$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x - 18 = -6 \\ +18 \quad +18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-3x = 12$$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{12}{-3}$$

$x = -4$

E) $-3(4x - 10) = 6$

$$-3 \begin{array}{|l} 12x \\ + 30 \end{array}$$

$4x \quad - 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12x + 30 = 6 \\ -30 \quad -30 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-12x}{-12} = \frac{-24}{-12}$$

$x = 2$

C) $7(-2x - 1) = 7$

$$7 \begin{array}{|l} -14x \\ - 7 \end{array}$$

$-2x \quad -1$

$$\begin{array}{r} -14x - 7 = 7 \\ +7 \quad +7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-14x = 14$$

$$\frac{-14x}{-14} = \frac{14}{-14}$$

$x = -1$

F) $-4(-x - 2) = 24$

$$-4 \begin{array}{|l} 4x \\ + 8 \end{array}$$

$x \quad - 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 8 = 24 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4}$$

$x = 4$

$$G) \frac{1}{2}(x-4) = 5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{1}{2}x & -2 \\ \hline x & -4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x - 2 = 5$$
$$\quad +2 \quad +2$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}x = 7 + 2}{}$$

$$x = 14$$

$$H) \frac{1}{3}(12x+6) = 30$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left| \begin{array}{c|c} 4x & +2 \\ \hline 12x & +6 \end{array} \right.$$

$$4x + 2 = 30$$
$$\quad -2 \quad -2$$

$$\frac{4x = 28}{4 \quad 4}$$

$$x = 7$$

$$I) \frac{1}{5}(x-25) = -2$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left| \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{1}{5}x & -5 \\ \hline x & -25 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x - 5 = -2$$
$$\quad +5 \quad +5$$

$$\frac{5 \cdot \frac{1}{5}x = 3 + 5}{}$$

$$x = 15$$