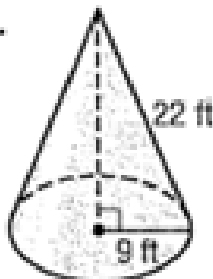
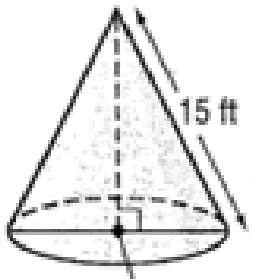


Get out your homework and have it ready to check.

Classwork - Surface Area of Pyramids

Find the lateral and total surface areas of each cone. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary. SHOW WORK

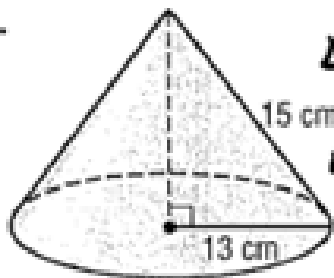
1.  $LA = 3.14(9)(22) = 621.72 \text{ ft}^2$
 $A_{\text{of } O} = 3.14(9^2) = 254.34 \text{ ft}^2$
 $SA = 254.34 + 621.72$

2.  $LA = 3.14(7.5)(15) = 353.25 \text{ ft}^2$
 $A_{\text{of } O} = 3.14(7.5^2) = 176.6 \text{ ft}^2$
 $r = 7.5 \text{ ft}$
 $SA = 353.25 + 176.6$

$$LA = \underline{621.7 \text{ ft}^2}$$
$$SA = \underline{876.1 \text{ ft}^2}$$

$$LA = \underline{353.3 \text{ ft}^2}$$
$$SA = \underline{529.9 \text{ ft}^2}$$

3.



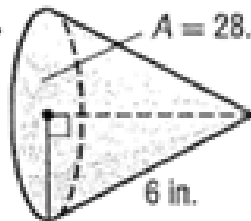
$$L.A. = 3.14(13)(15) = 612.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{\text{ofO}} = 3.14(13^2) = 530.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA = 612.3 + 530.7$$

$$LA = \underline{612.3 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{1143 \text{ cm}^2}$$



$$A = 28.3 \text{ in}^2$$

$$L.A. = 3.14(3)(6) = 56.52$$

$$SA = 56.5 + 28.3$$

$$\frac{28.3}{3.14} = \frac{3.14 r^2}{3.14}$$

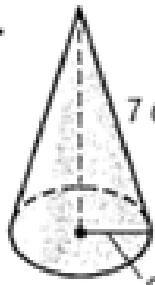
$$\sqrt{9} = \sqrt{r^2}$$

$$3 = r$$

$$LA = \underline{56.5 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{84.8 \text{ in}^2}$$

5.



$$L.A. = 3.14(0.5)(7) = 10.99 \text{ cm}^2$$

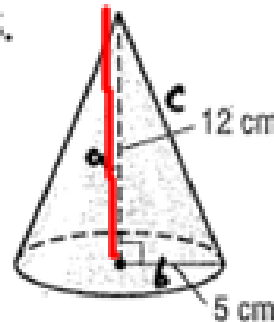
$$A_{\text{ofO}} = 3.14(0.5^2) = 0.785$$

$$SA = 11 + 0.8$$

$$LA = \underline{11 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{11.8 \text{ cm}^2}$$

6.



$$12^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

$$144 + 25 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{169} = \sqrt{c^2}$$

$$13 \text{ cm} = c \rightarrow \ell$$

$$L.A. = 3.14(5)(13) = 204.1 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{\text{ofO}} = 3.14(5^2) = 78.5 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA = 204.1 + 78.5$$

$$LA = \underline{204.1 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{282.6 \text{ cm}^2}$$

7. ALGEBRA A cone has a lateral surface area of 62.8 square yards. If the slant height is 2 yards, what is the total surface area of the cone?

$$L.A. = \pi r l$$

$$62.8 = 3.14 \cdot r \cdot 2$$

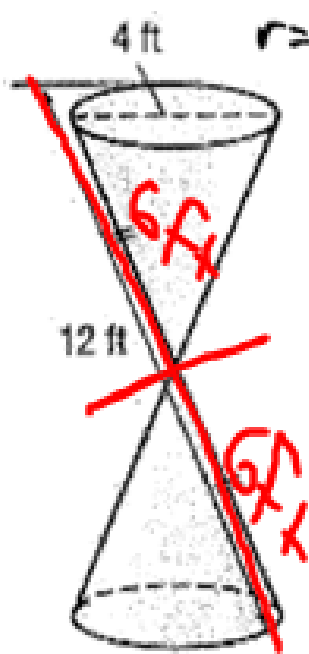
$$\frac{62.8}{6.28} = \frac{6.28 \cdot r}{6.28}$$

$$10 \text{ yd} = r$$

$$A_{\text{of } O} = 3.14(10^2) = 314 \text{ yd}^2$$

$$SA = 62.8 + 314 = 376.8 \text{ yd}^2$$

8. Find the total surface area of the figure below. SHOW WORK



$$r = 2 \text{ ft}$$

$$L.A. = 3.14(2)(6) = 37.68 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{\text{of } O} = 3.14(2^2) = 12.56 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$S.A. \text{ of 1 cone} = 37.68 + 12.56 = 50.24$$

$$50.24(2) = 100.48 \text{ ft}^2$$

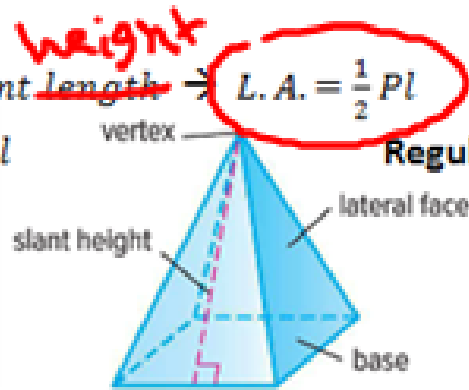
$$SA = \underline{100.5 \text{ ft}^2}$$

Lateral Area and Surface Area

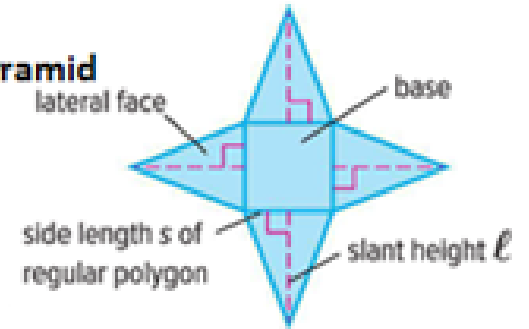
Lateral Area = $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{Perimeter of base} \cdot \text{slant height}$ \rightarrow $L.A. = \frac{1}{2} Pl$

Surface Area = $B + L.A.$ OR $S.A. = B + \frac{1}{2} Pl$

Regular Pyramid – A pyramid with a base that is a regular polygon.



Regular Square Pyramid



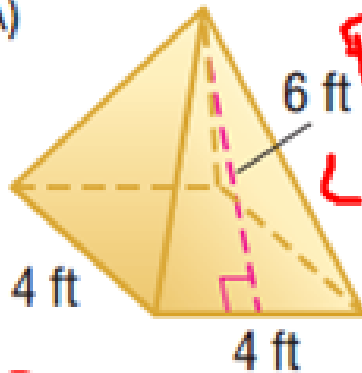
All sides and angles of a regular polygon are **Congruent**.

Examples

$$L.A. = \frac{1}{2} P l$$

1) Find the lateral area and total surface area of the regular pyramids below. SHOW WORK AND LABEL

A)



$$P = 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 16 \text{ ft}$$

$$L.A. = \frac{1}{2} (16)(6)$$

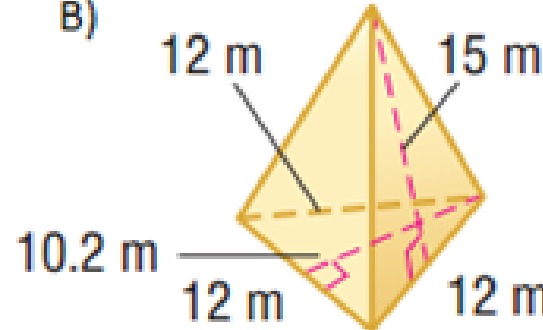
$$L.A. = 48 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$B = 4(4) = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$L.A. = \underline{48 \text{ ft}^2}$$

$$S.A. = \underline{64 \text{ ft}^2} \quad S.A. = 48 + 16$$

B)



$$P = 12(4) = 48 \text{ m}$$

$$L.A. = \frac{1}{2} (48)(15) = 360 \text{ m}^2$$

$$L.A. = \underline{360 \text{ m}^2}$$

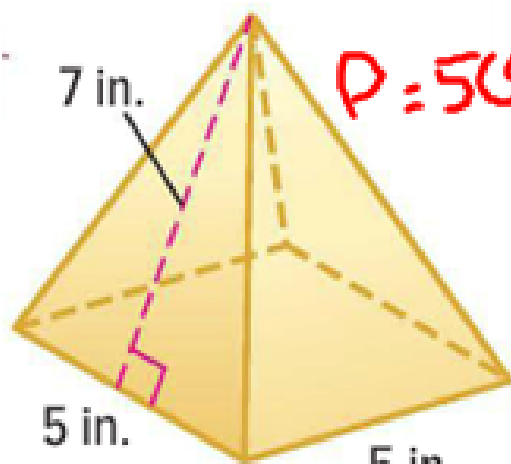
$$S.A. = \underline{421.2 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} (10.2)(12) = 61.2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S.A. = 61.2 + 360$$

2) Find the lateral area and total surface area of the regular pyramids below. SHOW WORK AND LABEL

A)



$$P = 5(4) = 20 \text{ in}$$

$$LA = \frac{1}{2}(20)(7)$$

$$LA = 70 \text{ in}^2$$

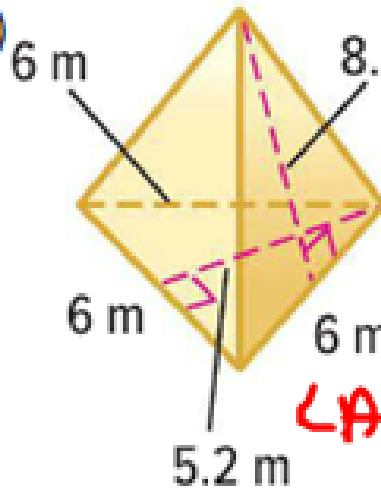
$$LA = \underline{70 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{95 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$B = 5 \cdot 5 = 25 \text{ in}^2$$

$$SA = 70 + 25$$

B)



$$P = 6(3) = 18 \text{ in}$$

$$LA = \frac{1}{2}(18)(8.3)$$

$$LA = 74.7 \text{ m}^2$$

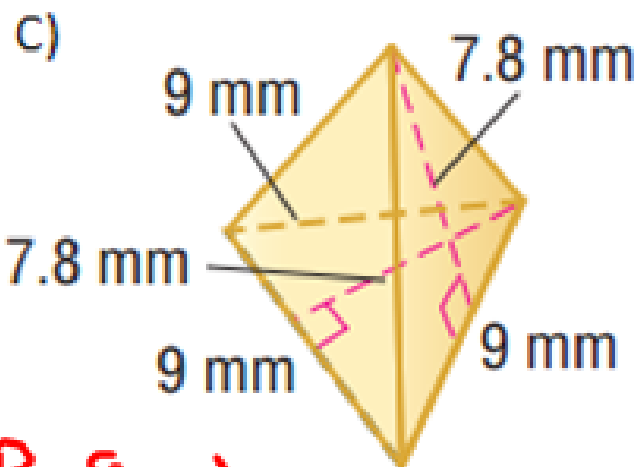
$$LA = \underline{74.7 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$SA = \underline{90.3 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$SA = 74.7 + 15.6$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2}(6)(5.2)$$

$$B = 15.6 \text{ m}^2$$



$$P = 9(3) = 27 \text{ mm}$$

$$LA = \frac{1}{2}(27)(7.8) = 105.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2}(9)(7.8) = 35.1 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$LA = \frac{105.3 \text{ mm}^2}{}$$

$$SA = \frac{140.4 \text{ mm}^2}{}$$

$$SA = 105.3 + 35.1$$

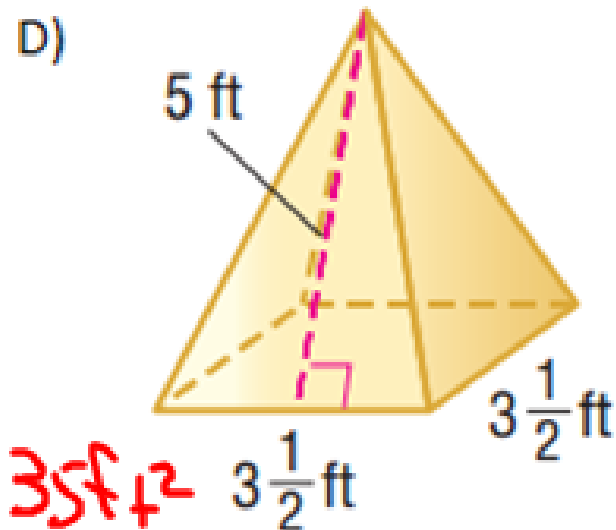
$$P = 3\frac{1}{2}(4)$$

$$P = 14 \text{ ft}$$

$$LA = \frac{1}{2}(14)(5) = 35 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$B = 3\frac{1}{2}(3\frac{1}{2}) = 12\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$SA = 35 + 12\frac{1}{4}$$



$$LA = \frac{35 \text{ ft}^2}{}$$

$$SA = \frac{47\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft}^2}{}$$

3) Use the figure to the right to answer the following questions. The total height of the figure is 20 inches.

A) Find the height of the pyramid.

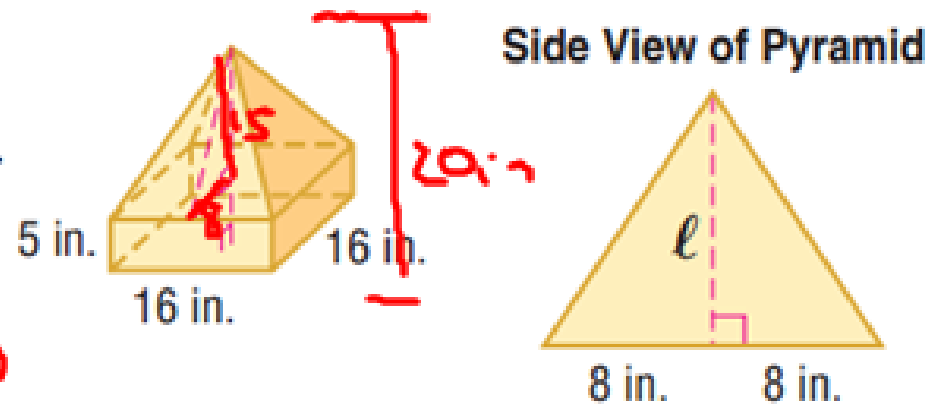
$$20 - 5 = 15 \text{ in}$$

B) Use the height of the pyramid to find the slant height, l .

$$8^2 + 15^2 = l^2$$

$$64 + 225 = l^2$$

$$l = 17 \text{ in}$$



C) Which has a greater surface area, the prism or the pyramid? Explain your reasoning.

D) Find the total volume of the figure. SHOW WORK